

ODI 4 P 2

Session 12

Comparative adjectives

Comparing means to look at the differences and similarities between two things.

If you want to compare two things in something, you can add "er" at the end of the adjective and put "than" after it.

For example:

big--> His nose is bigger than his brother.

small--> John's eyes are smaller than Mike's.

Adjective + er + than

But remember that we use ER just for short words with one syllable.

Like : tall - big - slow - fast - short - young

They become : taller - bigger - slower - faster - shorter - younger

And the words that end in Y, we change Y to I and add ER.

Like : happy - angry - easy - busy - pretty

They become : happier - angrier - easier - busier - prettier

For longer words that have more than two syllables and don't end in y.

We shouldn't put ER.

We add More before the adjective.

Like: beautiful, intelligent, interesting.

We don't say --> ~~Sarah is beautifuler than her friend.~~

We say --> Sarah is **More** beautiful **than** her friend.

1 SYLLABLE	OLD	OLDER
+ -ER	CHEAP	CHEAPER
	HIGH	HIGHER
1 SYLLABLE CONSONANT-VOWEL-CONS.	HOT	HOTTER
DOUBLE CONSONANT + -ER	BIG	BIGGER
	THIN	THINNER
2 SYLLABLES ENDING -Y	HEALTHY	HEALTHIER
-Y → -IER	HAPPY	HAPPIER
	NOISY	NOISIER
2 OR MORE SYLLABLES	FAMOUS	MORE FAMOUS
MORE + ADJECTIVE	GENEROUS	MORE GENEROUS
IRREGULAR ADJECTIVES	GOOD	BETTER
	BAD	WORSE
	FAR	FARTHER/FURTHER

Superlative adjectives

We use these adjective to say who/what is best at something. Or who/what is the most in something. We add "EST" at the end of the adjective. And we should put "the" before the adjective.

The + Adjective + est

For example:

Young--> She is **the youngest** student in our class. (it means no one is younger than her)

Kind --> John is **the kindest** kind in our gym. (no one is kinder than john in the gym)

But remember that we use EST just for short words with one syllable.

Like : tall - big - slow - fast - short - young

They become : tallest - biggest - slowest - fastest - shortest - youngest

And the words that end in Y, we change Y to I and add EST.

Like : happy - angry - easy - busy - pretty

They become : happiest - angriest - easiest - busiest - prettiest

For longer words that have more than two syllables and don't end in y.

We shouldn't put EST.

We add THE MOST before the adjective.

Like: beautiful, intelligent, interesting.

We don't say --> ~~Sarah is beautiful~~est girl in the class.

We say --> Sarah is **THE MOST** beautiful girl in the class.

Personality and Looks

And remember that you can use all of it to talk about both personality and looks.

Neat: someone who is clean.

Disciplined: someone who is on time and puts everything in its place.

Trustworthy : someone who you can trust.

Lazy: someone who doesn't do his/her tasks.

Brave: someone is not afraid.

Curious: someone who likes to learn new things

Talkative: someone who talks a lot.

Creative: someone who has a strong imagination and always has new ideas.

Rude: someone who is not polite and respectful.

Who is the most beautiful student in your class?

Who is the kindest?

Who is the most talkative person that you know?

Who is the most intelligent person that you have ever seen?

Who is your best friend?

What is the most beautiful city that you have ever seen?

What is the saddest book that you have ever read?

homework.

Write a text about your class students and use 5 comparative and 5 superlative adjectives in it.

Finish grammar book for unit 4 and send it to my E-mail