

# ODI 1 P 2

Session 7

## Possessive “s”

In English when you want to talk about somebody’s belongings, you should add “s” after their names.

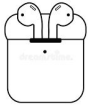
For example:

This is John’s car

When you add “s” after John, it means car is for John

Tom’s dad is a pilot

The “s” after Tom, shows that dad is for Tom



To ask about  
belongings

Whose car is that?

Whose ball is that?

# Contraction S

In English sometimes we make our sentences short.

He is = He's

She is = She's

It is = it's

Don't mistaken it with possessive S

# Next session is mid-exam

- Study desk-job manual job (session 1 PDF)
- Study how a good family should be like (session 1 PDF)
- Page 30, 31 story (session 2 PDF)
- Study how a family is started (session 3 PDF)
- Practice talking about family tree ( session 3 PDF)
- Study good and bad personality traits (session 4 PDF)
- Study definition of these jobs doctor, dentist, vet, pilot, police officer, teacher, journalist (session 4 PDF)
- Study advantages and disadvantages of desk-job and manual jobs (session 5 PDF)
- Watch the peppa pig (check session 6 PDF for the sentences)
- And study possessive “s” and contraction “s” ( session 7 PDF ) (this PDF)

And be ready to talk about family (there are 4 people ....)